Light-Cone 2024: Hadron Physics in the EIC era



Contribution ID: 87 Type: Oral

## Measurement of charge-dependent directed flow in STAR Beam Energy Scan (BES-II) Au+Au and U+U Collisions

Monday, 25 November 2024 17:50 (20 minutes)

The presence of ultra-strong electromagnetic (EM) fields can give rise to various important phenomena in heavy ion collisions (HIC). During the early stages of HI collisions an ultra-strong EM field ( $B\approx 10^{18}$  Gauss) is expected to be generated, which can have profound implications for QCD phase transitions as well as chiral symmetry restoration. The charge-dependent directed flow ( $v_1$ ) serves as a potential tool for detecting EM field effects and QCD medium properties [1].

In this talk, we will present measurements of directed flow  $(v_1)$  for identified particles  $(\pi^\pm, K^\pm, \text{ and } p/\bar{p})$  and their charge dependence, conducted by the STAR experiment in Au+Au collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=7.7$ –200 GeV including the RHIC Beam Energy Scan, as well as in isobar (Ru+Ru and Zr+Zr) collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=200$  GeV and U+U collisions at  $\sqrt{s_{NN}}=193$  GeV. The  $v_1$  values will be reported as functions of rapidity, transverse momentum and collision centrality. Comparisons of the slope  $(dv_1/dy)$  and the charge-dependent difference,  $\Delta(dv_1/dy)$ , across different collision systems and energies, including U+U, Au+Au, and isobar (Ru+Ru and Zr+Zr) collisions, aim to provide insights into electromagnetic field effects and transport coefficients of the QCD medium, such as electrical conductivity.

[1] STAR Collaboration, Phys. Rev. X 14, 011028

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Session Classification: Parallel-1