# 第一届中微子、原子核物理和新物理研讨会(vNN2025)

# **Development and Progress of Te-Doped Liquid Scintillators for 0νββ Detection**

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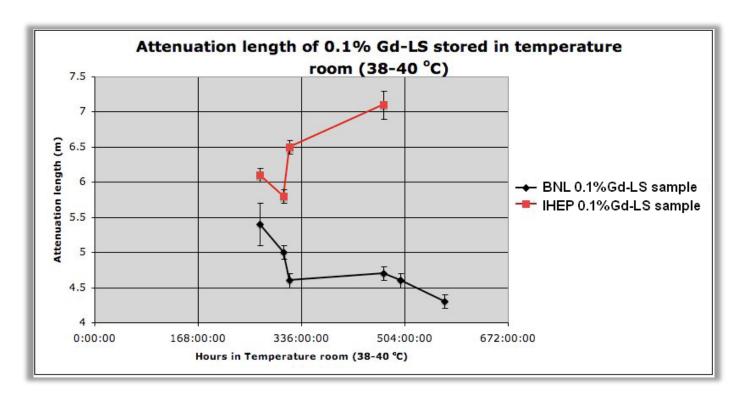






- 2005: Initiating doped liquid scintillator R&D, focusing on Gd-LS for Daya Bay Neutrino Experiment
- 2007: Daya Bay Collaboration officially adopts IHEP's Gd-LS recipe (NIM A 2008, 584: 238-243)
  - Decision Basis: Stability tests of Gd-LS AL degradation at high-temperature conditions conducted and independently verified by Third-Party Lab (HKU)





• 2010.10~2011.1: Successful production of 185 t Gd-LS (Served as Chemistry Lead)







- The Daya Bay Experiment successfully concluded data collection, made breakthrough achievements and garnered multiple distinguished honors
- Gd-LS fulfilling its mission with Outstanding Performance



2013 CAS Outstanding Science and Technology Achievement Prize, 13/20



Daya Bay Reactor Neutrino Experiment Team - Medal of the National Innovation Award (2017), 14/16

- Other Applications of Gd-LS:
  - Sold 2.56 tons Gd-LS to a Russian research institute for USD 65,000
  - Neutron background measurement in JinPing underground Laboratory , China Institute of Atomic Energy
  - Provided technical consulting services on Gd-LS property measurement for Tsinghua University, along with technical support during the development of neutron detectors.



Second Prize of Beijing Science and Technology Award (2015), 2/10 Award-Winning Project: Development of Gadolinium-Doped Liquid Scintillator for the Daya Bay Neutrino Experiment

- 2014 till now: JUNO LS, in charge of ultra-high-purity raw materials for 20 kt LS as well as other chemical-related research for JUNO
  - 60 t PPO (2,5-Diphenyloxazole), 72kg bis-MSB (1,4-bis(2-methylstyryl)benzene), ...
    - Completed chemical supply according to the JUNO schedule, with quality far exceeding expectations
    - Optical purity and <u>Th&U</u> reaches internationally leading level, Th(U) content is several
       orders of magnitude lower than comparable samples
    - Can be directly used in LS mixing to meet the requirements of JUNO
    - The superior quality of ton-scale PPO earned the Third Prize of Hubei Provincial Science and Technology Progress Award (2022, 3/9)









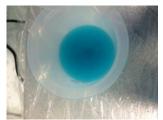


- 2016-2018: Conduct another research on low-background measurement techniques for ultra-low background detectors
  - Developed a co-precipitation approach to measure trace amount of U(Th) in copper to <u>sub-ppt level</u> for the EXO collaboration

NIM A 941 (2019) 162335

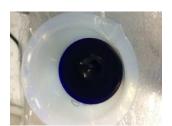












• 2017: Initiate Te-LS Research

# Motivation for Te-LS: JUNO's potential on 0νββ searches

• Future Prospects: JUNO CD could be utilized to explore 0νββ in future studies.

Potential to explore normal mass ordering parameter space of Majorana neutrino mass (~ meV)

#### Research Foundation:

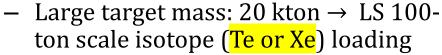
- Our team possesses over a decade of expertise in:
  - Developing doped liquid scintillators
  - Investigating ultra-low-background raw materials

#### • Strategic Significance:

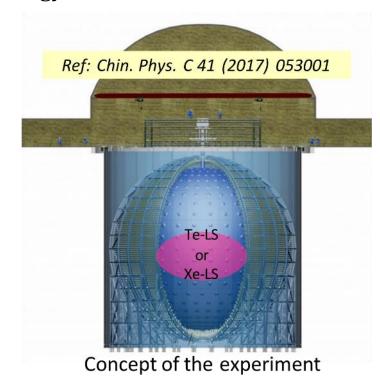
Conducting Te-LS research at IHEP holds both:

- Substantial technical groundwork
- Important scientific value

JUNO offers a unique opportunity to search for  $0\nu\beta\beta$  after completion of mass ordering measurements (~2030)



- Ultra-pure LS shielding → Low background
- Energy resolution < 3% @ 1 MeV</li>



# Research History of Te-LS based on JUNO LS recipe at IHEP

#### Phase I: Exploratory Stage (2017-2019)

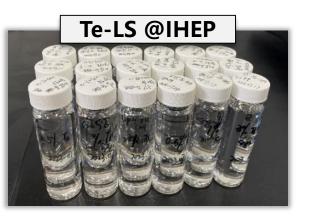
- Initiated experimental studies on Te-doping technology for LS
  - 2017: inorganic Te + surfactant
  - 2018: liquid-liquid extraction
  - 2019: organic Te-diol compounds

#### Phase II: Technical Breakthroughs (2020-2024)

- 2020: Developed an azeotropic distillation approach, enabling >5% Te mass loading in LS
- 2021: Abs at 430 nm remains essentially unchanged when doped with 0.6% Te
- 2022~2023: A novel room-temperature synthesis approach was established to decrease safety risks
- 2024: Established synthesis and purification protocol for Te-LS production

#### Phase III: Application-Oriented Development (2025-present)

- 2025: Deployed 100 kg Te-LS demonstration at IHEP
- Lab studies: optimization of light yield, long-term stability test (>3 years), improve Te-LS transparency characterized by AL, develop methods for removing radioactive impurities, ...
- 20 t Te-LS demonstration ...

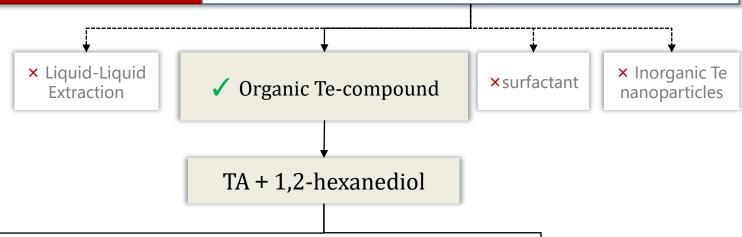


Te-LS for 0νββ:
An internationally recognized challenge

Excep. <u>high</u> Te-doping conc.(3~5%); <u>No</u>

<u>Impact</u> on LS Optical Perf., <u>Ultra-low</u> rad.

background, High-quality retention > 10 years



Technical Route 1: Azeotropic distillation approach

**Innovation Highlights:** water-free reaction → enhanced solubility and stability

**Advantages**: Te>>5%, Uniform

Transparent, and Stable

Patent: ZL 202011370855.5

Publication: *NIM A 1049 (2023) 168111* 

Technical Route 2: Room temp. Syn. approach

#### **Innovation Highlights:**

No heating required, R.T. Synthesis

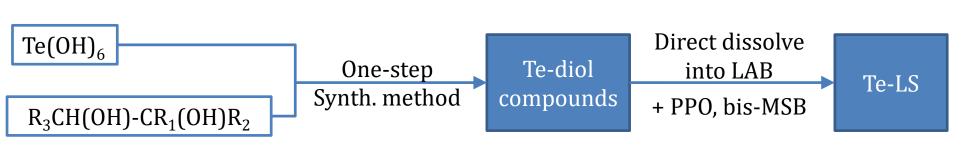
**Advantages**: Performance unchanged,

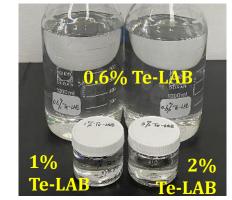
greener & more scalable

Patent: applied

Publication: *in preparation* 

# Route 1: Azeotropic distillation approach





- Characteristic of the approach: Water-free environment for the synthesis
  - No extra water introduced into the reaction system
    - Telluric acid in the solid state was used directly instead of being dissolved in the water
  - Water generated in the reaction was taken out continuously by azeotropic distillation
    - Acetonitrile was chosen as an azeotropic solvent because of its relatively lower boiling point (81.6 °C) and higher water content (16%) in azeotrope

#### SNO+

TA + 1,2-butanediol, Aqueous-phase heating reaction. Partial Te samples exhibited instability, with Te compounds precipitating upon moisture exposure. 2017 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. 888

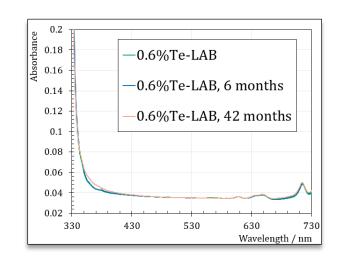
2017 J. Phys.: Conf. Ser. **888** 012084

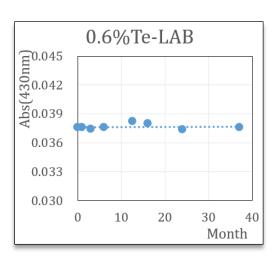
# Route 1: Azeotropic distillation approach

#### Advantages

- Ultrahigh Te Solubility: Te product is miscible with LAB, capability of Te loading in JUNO
   LS: > 5%
- Exceptionally High Transparency & Long-Term Stability: 0.6% Te loaded samples shows very limited influence on the absorbance of scintillation solvent around 430 nm and remained the same within the equipment sensitivity (10<sup>-4</sup>) for 3.5 years
- A one-step synthesis: simple, the product can be used for preparing Te-LS directly without post-processing, easily scalable for mass production
- Broad applicability to diverse diols: a serials of diols with more sophisticated structures can be used since the reaction is greatly facilitated by the removal of water







# Best diol + Azeo. Dist. Approach + purified raw materials

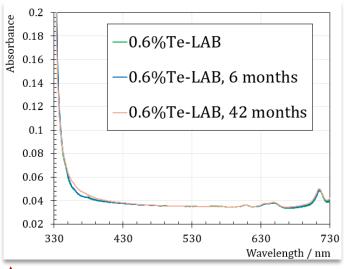


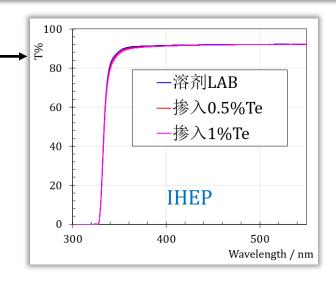
# **Ultra-High Optical Quality Te-LS**

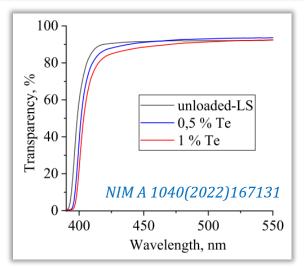
 Best-in-Class Transparency Among Peer Samples

- 0.6% Te , no visible difference ( $\Delta$ Abs<0.002 for  $\lambda$ >370 nm) compared to the purified LAB (A.L. >

20m)







#### · L.Y.:

Preliminary optimization → Significant enhancement

_0	ng-term stability
_	Absorption spectroscopy confirms stability
	exceeding <b>3.5 yrs</b>

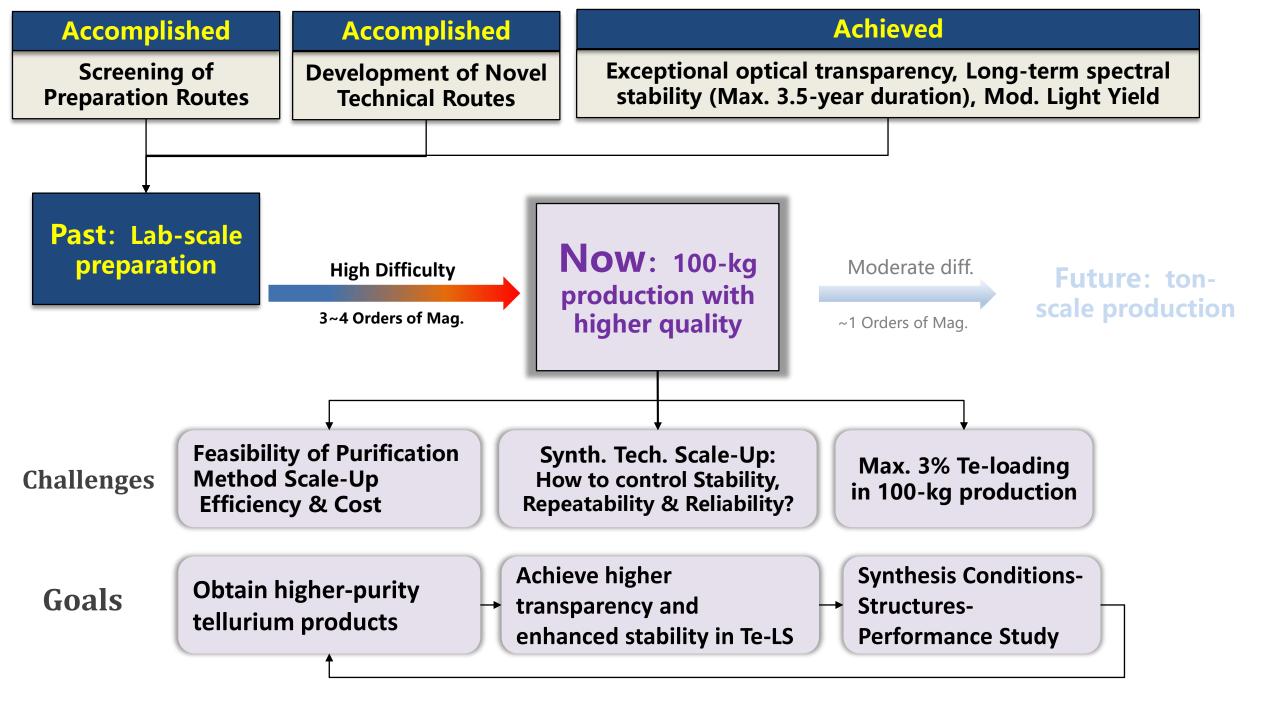
_	No comparable	data	reported	internationally
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	R.L.Y.
Pure LS	100%
0.5% Te-LS (Before Opt.)	53%
0.5% Te-LS (After Opt.)	77~83%



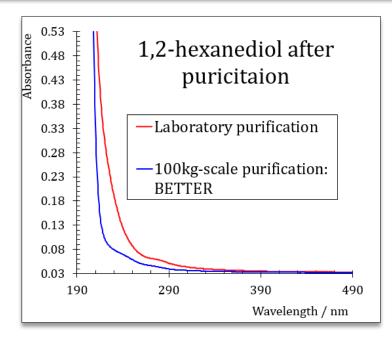
# Route 2: Room temperature Synthesis approach

- **Disadvantage** of Azeo. Dist. Approach: safety risks associated with large-scale heating and distillation of low-boiling-point solvents (acetonitrile, 81.6 °C)
- Developed a Room-Temperature Synthesis Approach
- Characteristic of the approach: one-step synthesis at room temperature
- Excellent properties of Te-samples:
  - Exceptional optical transparency ( $\Delta$ Abs(430nm)/%Te ≤ 0.0003)
  - Long-term spectral stability exceeding or approaching 1 year till now for both 1% and 3% Te formulations
  - Briefly, the Te samples obtained by this method outperform even those produced by the Azeo. Dist. Method in terms of performance
- A green, efficient alternative for large-scale Te-LS production for nextgeneration neutrinoless double-beta decay experiments



# **Progress of 100-kg production**

- Bulk purification methods for raw materials with corresponding QC standards and protocols was developed
  - Completed extensive research on optical purification methods for raw materials. Considering both purification efficiency and cost, a combined purification approach was adopted
  - Purification highlight: Dramatic cost reduction with superior purity compared to expensive lab purification
- Dual-Temperature (Room Temp./High Temp.) Reactor was designed and customized
- Start 100kg-scale production in 10 batches







# Reactants Addition



# **Production Steps**

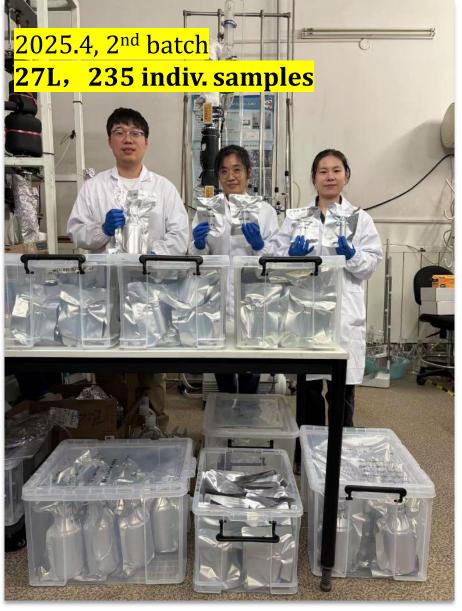






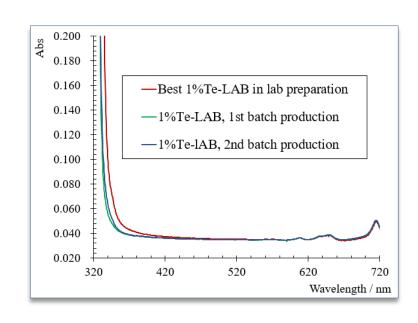
# Hundreds of Te samples w/ diff. formulations were prep. for mult. research purposes





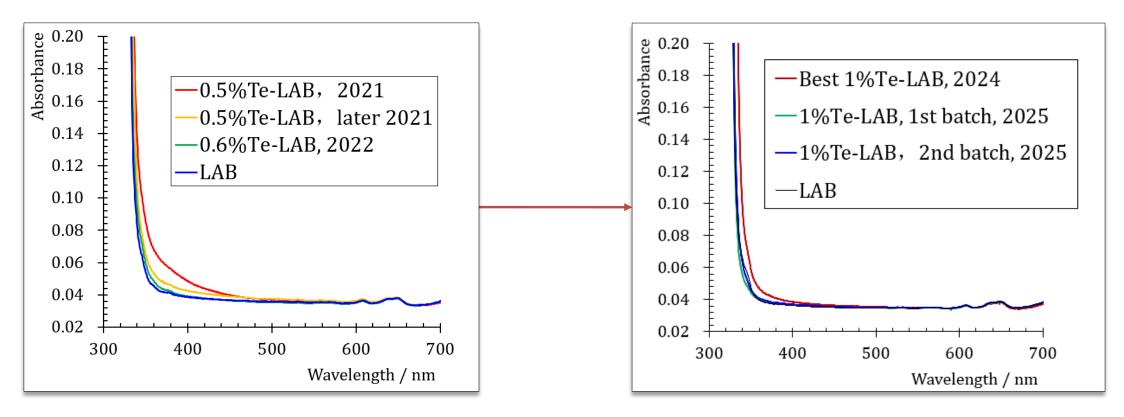
# Progress of 100-kg production

- 2025.3~4, 2 batches production has been finished successfully
  - Pause, sample measurements, and design subsequent synthesis based on results to study the impact of synthesis conditions on performance
- 2025.7: 3<sup>rd</sup> batch production, still ongoing
- 100-kg production Highlight: Scale-Up with Enhanced Performance
  - >50 kg higher-transparency Te-LAB samples were obtained
  - Te-LAB samples from 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> production exhibit absorption spectra far superior to the best lab samples.
  - L.Y. and A.L. measurement is undergoing



# **Extensive Efforts in Enhancing Transparency and Stability**

 After years of dedicated efforts, key technologies for enhancing transparency and stability have been mastered



There is still a long way to go considering further increasing Te concentration

# Summary: Current Research Status & Future Research Plan

0.5%Te-LS, Good L.Y.

# L.Y. Enhancement in High Te-Doping LS

- Exploring the mechanism of Te impact on LS LY
- Modify fluors to enhance L.Y.

**Achieved** Te-doping conc.:3%~5% Transparency Light Yield Te-LS Radioactive Long-term stability Background

 $10^{-18} \text{ g/g}$ 

>10 yrs

1%Te, exceptionally high transparency

# Transparency Study at High Te-Doping Conc.

- External Factors: Optical Purification
- Internal Factors: Impact
   & Opt. of Te Comp. Comp.
   & Struct.

1% Te, Good Long-Term Stability

#### Long-Term Stability at High Te-Doping Levels

- Index: Abs+L.Y.
- **Protocol**: R.T. + Aging tests
- Internal Factors: Explore relationship btwn. synthesis conditions, product Structure, and stability
- External Factors: Functional auxiliary reagents

Purification Strategy
 Confirmed: Raw material purification only to ensure direct product availability for preparation

- Establish quant. anal. methods for trace rad. impur. in raw mater.
- Develop purif. methods for rad. impur. in raw mater.

# Thank you for your attention!





